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In the Claims

- 1. (Currently Amended) A tomographic system comprising:
 - a rotatable gantry having a bore centrally disposed therein;
- a table movable within the bore and configured to position a subject for tomographic data acquisition within the bore;
- a high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source positioned within the rotatable gantry and configured to project high frequency electromagnetic energy toward the subject;
- a detector array disposed within the rotatable gantry and configured to detect high frequency electromagnetic energy projected by the projection source and impinged by the subject; and
- a computer programmed to associate subject-position feedback with data derived from the detector arrayat least one scout scan and at least one sensor to provide subject feedback in a z direction to determine patient contour.

2-3. (Canceled)

- 4. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 31 wherein the computer is further programmed to determine at least one of a projection area (PA), a projection measure (PM), and an oval ratio (OR) from the subject-position feedback and the data derived from the scout scan.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 31 wherein the computer is further programmed to determine an elevational offset of the subject from the table.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 31 wherein the computer is further programmed to dynamically control attenuation characteristics of a pre-subject attenuation filter such that the attenuation characteristics match a desired attenuation profile.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 6 wherein the desired attenuation profile is determined from the at least one scout scan.

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- 8. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1 further comprising at least one sensor to provide subject position feedback in a z direction to determine patient contour, wherein the at least one sensor having is at least one of a laser sensor and a sonic sensor.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A computer readable storage medium having stored thereon a computer program representing a set of instructions which, when executed by at least one processor, causes the at least one processor to:

receive feedback regarding a subject position from a-at least one sensor and detector array of at least one scout scan of an imaging device;

acquire image data from the detector array; compare the feedback to the image data received—from the detector array; and determine a centering error from the comparison.

- 10. (Original) The computer readable storage medium of claim 9 wherein the imaging device includes a medical imaging device.
- 11. (Original) The computer readable storage medium of claim 9 wherein the at least one processor is further caused to determine an adjustment in a table elevation relative to isocenter to reduce the centering error.
 - 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Currently Amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 9 wherein the at least one processor is further caused to determine at least one of a PA, a PM, and an OR from a subject-contour feedback and data derived from athe at least one scout scan.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 9 wherein the <u>at least one</u> sensors includes at least one of a laser sensor and a sonic sensor.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 9 wherein the at least on one processor is further caused to determine a lateral repositioning value for subject recentering from the feedback.

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16. (Currently Amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 9 wherein the at least enone processor is further caused to determine an attenuation profile of an attenuation filter.

- 17. (Currently Amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 16 wherein the at least enone processor is further caused to determine an attenuation pattern over a scan duration.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The computer readable storage medium of claim 9 wherein the at least onone processor is further caused to determine a projection error ratio from the positioning information.
- 19. (Previously Presented) A method of imaging comprising the steps of: positioning a subject in an imaging device having detector array for acquiring image data;

collecting positioning information of the subject from both at least one sensor disposed in proximity to the imaging device, and from the detector array; and

determining a relative position of the subject within the imaging device from at least the position information.

- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19 further comprising the step of determining a table elevation relative to isocenter.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20 further comprising the step of determining a centering error of the subject in at least one direction.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21 further comprising the step of repositioning the subject to reduce the centering error.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22 further comprising the step of adjusting table elevation to reduce the centering error.

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- 24. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the at least one sensor is disposed in a bore of the imaging device.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 19 further comprising the step of acquiring medical diagnostic data of the subject.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 19 further comprising the step of detecting a top surface position of the subject from the positioning information.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 26 further comprising the step of determining from the top surface position an elevational offset of the subject.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 27 further comprising the step of performing a scout scan.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28 further comprising the step of determining the relative position from data acquired during the scout scan.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the positioning information includes vector position information.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 19 further comprising the step of adjusting an attenuation characteristic of an attenuation filter according to the determined position of the subject.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 19 further comprising the step of determining at least one of a PA, a PM, and an OR from the position information.
 - 33. (Currently Amended) A tomographic system comprising: a rotatable gantry having a bore centrally disposed therein;
- a table movable within the bore and configured to position a subject for tomographic data acquisition within the bore;

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a high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source positioned within the rotatable gantry and configured to project high frequency electromagnetic energy toward the subject;

a detector array disposed within the rotatable gantry and configured to detect high frequency electromagnetic energy projected by the projection source and impinged by the subject;

> at least one sensor to provide subject-position feedback; and a computer programmed to:

perform at least one two orthogonal scout scans; and
associate the subject-position feedback with data derived from the two
orthogonal scout scans.

- 34. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 33 wherein the computer is further programmed to determine at least one of a projection area (PA), a projection measure (PM), and an oval ratio (OR) from the subject-position feedback and the data derived from the scout scan.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 33 wherein the computer is further programmed to determine an elevational offset of the subject from the table.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 33 wherein the computer is further programmed to dynamically control attenuation characteristics of a pre-subject attenuation filter such that the attenuation characteristics match a desired attenuation profile.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 36 wherein the desired attenuation profile is determined from the at least one scout scan.
- 38. (Currently Amended) A computer readable storage medium having stored thereon a computer program representing a set of instructions which, when executed by at least one processor, cause the at least one processor to:

receive feedback regarding a subject position from at least one sensor and from at least one seout scan of an imaging device; and

determine a centering error from the feedback; and

associate the feedback with data received from a scout sean.

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39. (Previously Presented) A computer readable storage medium having stored thereon a computer program representing a set of instructions which, when executed by at least one processor, cause the at least one processor to:

receive feedback regarding a subject position from at least one sensor of an imaging device;

determine a centering error from the feedback; and

determine at least one of a PA, a PM, and an OR from a subject-contour feedback and data derived from a scout scan.

 (Currently Amended) A method of imaging comprising the steps of: positioning a subject in an imaging device;

collecting positioning information of the subject from at least one sensor disposed in proximity to the imaging device and from a scout scan;

determining a relative position of the subject within the imaging device from at least the position information; and

adjusting an attenuation characteristic of an attenuation filter according to the determined position of the subject.